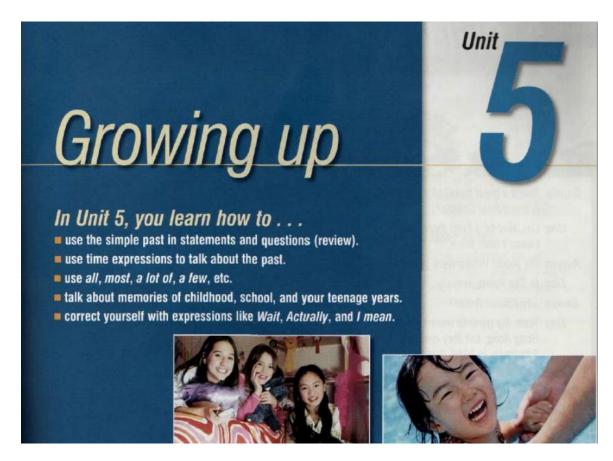
Lecture (17)



## **FORM**

There are regular verbs and irregular verbs.

All regular past tense verbs end in "ed"

Regular: study studied

live lived

stay stayed

 Some verbs have irregular past tense forms:

Irregular: go went

be was – were

do did

These verbs don't follow any spelling rules. Irregular past verb forms must be learned.

# Spelling of "ed" form

Most verbs – add "ed"

Example: walk walked

order ordered

Verbs that end in "e" – add only "d"

Example: live lived decided

Verbs that end in consonant "y"- change y to i and add "ed"

Example: study studied carry carried

Verbs that end in CVC [stressed vowel] double the last consonant

Example: shop shopped

stop stopped permit permitted admit admitted

Do not double the last consonant if the last syllable is not stressed:

lis<u>ten</u> listened

# **Negative Statements**

To form negative statements:
 did + not (didn't) + base form

Example: He didn't call me.

She didn't study French.

 Don't use didn't with the verb TO BE use to be + not:

Example: He wasn't there yesterday.

They weren't happy.

# Yes/No questions & short answers

To form yes/no questions, use:
 did + subject + base form

**Example:** Did he study English last night?

Did they learn to play the piano?

To form short answers to yes/no questions, use:

yes + subject pronoun + did

or no + subject pronoun+ didn't

Example: Yes, he did.

No, they didn't.

#### Exercise

Complete the conversations with was, wasn't, were, weren't, did, or didn't.

l. Rick So, Dina, \_\_\_\_\_ you grow up here in Miami?

Dina Yes, I <u>did</u>, but we <u>Weren't</u> born here.

My sister and I <u>were</u> born in Puerto Rico, and we moved here when we <u>were</u> kids.

Rick \_\_\_did\_\_ you study English when you \_were in school in Puerto Rico?

Dina Yes, we <u>did</u> – for a few years – but we <u>Didn't</u> really learn English until we came here.

Rick Wow! And now you speak English better than I do – and I was born here!



	When <u>were</u> you born, Grandma?  I <u>was</u> born in 1929.	
Thomas	Really? _were_ you born here in Los Angeles?	
Grandma	No, I Wasn't . Your grandfather and I were	
	both born in China.	
Thomas	So whendid you come to the U.S.?	
Grandma	My family Didn't move here until I was	E E
	13 years old.	Sec. Ch
Thomas	did you go to school in China?	- Constant
Grandma	No, I Didn't . My parents Weren't rich,	
	so I had to work.	3 1
Thomas	And when was Grandpa born?	
Grandma	He was born in 1928, but he says	
	he Wasn't really born until 1947.	THE STATE OF THE S
Thomas	Why does he say that?	
Grandma	Because that's when he met me.	
Unscramble t your own infe	the questions. Then answer the questions wi ormation.	th
1. you / When	/born/were? When were you born?	

2. Where / born / your / were / parents ? Where were your parents born? 3. grow up / you / Where / did? Where did you grow up? 4. best friend / Who / your / was / ago / five years ?\_\_\_\_\_ Who was your best friend five years a child? 5. a child / you / move / when / Did / ever / were / you ? \_\_\_\_\_ Did you ever move when you were a child? 6. you / play video games / Did / when / you / little / were ? \_\_\_\_\_ Did you play chess when you were little? 7. long / you / were / elementary school / How / in ? How long were you in elementary school?

# Time expressions:

#### For

Did you live there for a long time?

#### 2. Until { up to a specific point in time.}

e.g. We lived here until 1992/ February.

#### 3. From \_\_\_\_\_ to \_\_\_\_ {two points of time}

e.g. I stayed in Riyadh from March to September.

#### 4. ago {time expression + ago}

e.g. My family moved to the UK ten years ago.

#### 5. Then: (and then)

e.g. We lived in Brazil. Then we moved to the U.S.

e.g. We lived in Brazil, and then we moved to the U.S.

#### 6. When: {conjunction} + clause with a specific point in time.

e.g. We left when I was six

words r	nore th	an once.	1	VIII.	ppot	some	n use	some	when	di a'i	1 Wha	
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# LESSON B: FAVORITE CLASSES

In this lesson, you learn how to: Use all, most, a lot of, a few, etc.

# What languages did you learn in school?



All the students in my high school had to take English – it was required. And I needed English to get into my university. (Tokyo)



Well, years ago, most people learned Russian and only a few people took English. I studied both. (Warsaw)



I took Spanish last year, and most of my friends did, too. There are a lot of Spanish speakers around here, so it's kind of useful. (Los Angeles)



A lot of my classmates dropped French after ninth grade. Almost all of them – except me. But then later, some of them had to take evening classes because they needed it for work. (Lagos)

Circle the correct expression to complete these sentences.

- 1. Most / Most of my friends are fluent in English.
- 2. A few / A few of people in my city know Russian.

# **Determiners**

- All high schools have Math teachers.
- A lot of people do not like Math.
- No students like exams.
- 1. What do we call the words in red?
- 2. How do we use them?
- 3. Why do we put "of" sometimes and we delete it other times?
- All, most, A lot, some, few, no, and none are "quantifiers"
- They are used before nouns to say how much or how many of something we are talking about.

## **Determiners**

#### General Statement

{Determiner + noun}

All, most, A lot of, some, a few, no + plural noun

All people like nature.

Most Canadians speak English.

A lot of people don't like math.

A few people get scholarships.

No students like exams.

Note: No can also be followed by a singular noun

No student like exams

### **Determiners**

Specific Statement

{Determiner + of + determiner + noun}

All (of), most of, A lot of, some of, a few of, none of + of + other determiner + plural noun

None of my friends go to the library after school.

Most of the people that I know stay up late.

A lot of the students in my class don't like math.

A few of the students in my school get full marks.

Other determiners

the
my
you
this
that
us
them

Note: All can be used with or without of before determiner +noun
All of my friends hate waking up early.

All my friends hate waking up early.

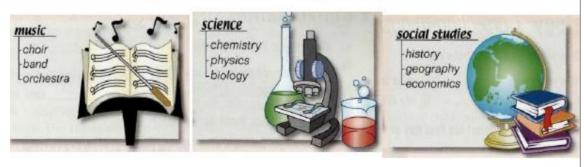
#### A Write the determiners in order in the chart below. a few √all a lot of most none some all 100%

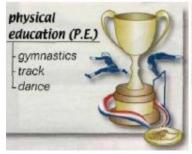
B Read the test results. Complete the sentences with the determiners in the box. Use each expression only once.



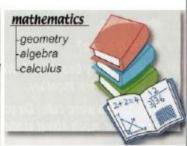
A fe	w A few	of All of	A lot of	Most of	None of	✓Some	Some of			
	Some	students in t	he class pas	sed chemistry	Some	of then	n failed chemist			
A	II of			lish. None o		students fa				
3. N	Nost of	the students passed geography. A few								
. A	few of	_ the students	passed geor	netrymost	p	eople failed	it.			

# **Building Vocabulary**









### Vocabulary Exercise

A Circle the word that doesn't belong. Then write the general category of the subjects.

